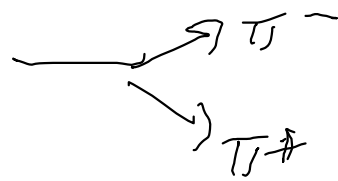


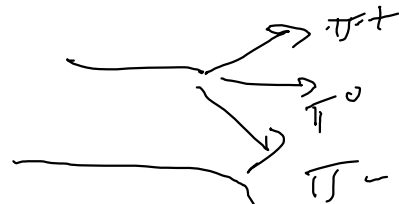
$$CP |K_0\rangle = - |K_0\rangle \quad K_S = |K_0\rangle + |\bar{K}_0\rangle$$

$$CP |K_0\rangle = + |K_0\rangle$$



$$\tau_S \ll \tau_L$$

$$CP |K_L\rangle = - |K_L\rangle$$



$$\tau_S \approx 0.86 \times 10^{-10} \text{ s}$$

$$\tau_L \approx 5.17 \times 10^{-8} \text{ sec}$$

$$K_0 \rightarrow (2\pi)$$

$f \approx 2 \times 10^{-3}$
of decays

Strong CP Problem

$$\Theta_{CP} \left[\right]$$

$$N_{edm} \rightarrow 3 \times 10^{-26} \Theta \sim e\text{-cm}$$

$$\Theta \sim 10^{-10}$$

Peccei-Quinn \Rightarrow Axion.

Standard Model

CKM matrix

Baryon Asymmetry - developed as part of
universe evolution

requires

a) B violation;

b) CP violating

B violating process \rightarrow CP conjugate process
would have the same
rate

Experiments - neutron

$$(e\lambda E)$$

$$P_e = e\lambda_{em}$$

$$eE(\delta x) \tau \geq \hbar$$

$$\delta x \geq \frac{\hbar}{(e\lambda E) N^{1/2}}$$

$$(N \approx 10^8)$$

$$\delta x = \frac{3 \times 10^{-16}}{G \sqrt{T}}$$

$$G = (E \approx 10^{12})$$

beam

VCN

$$N = \left(\frac{3V}{v} \right) \left(\frac{T}{\lambda} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \delta x = \frac{\hbar}{eE \sqrt{T} \approx 9V}$$

$$G = (E \sqrt{28V})$$

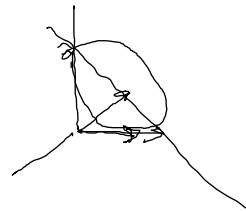
$$\tau = 10^{-22} \text{ sec}$$

Beam

$$G_{\text{beam}} \approx 3 \times 10^5$$

$$VCN \approx 300 \text{ sec}$$

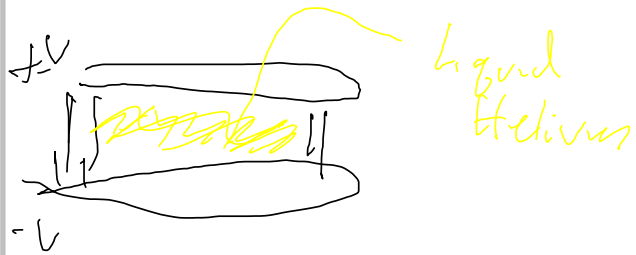
$$VCN \approx 10^8$$



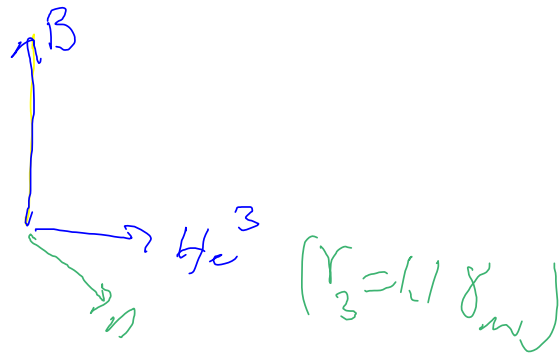
| |



LANL collaboration



He^3 co-magnetometer



$$5 \times 10^3 l$$



$\approx 750 \text{ keV} \rightarrow \text{UV light}$

$$J = 0$$

$$= 1 \quad \sigma_{abs} = 0$$

$$J = 1 \quad \sigma_{abs} = 0$$

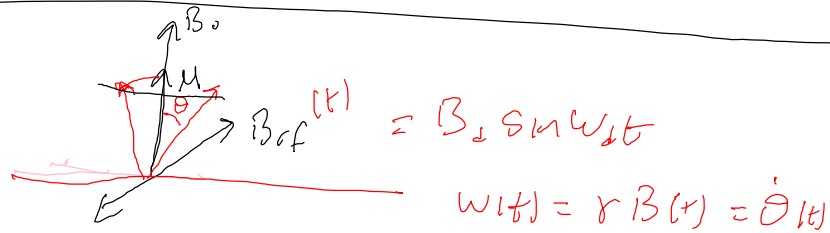
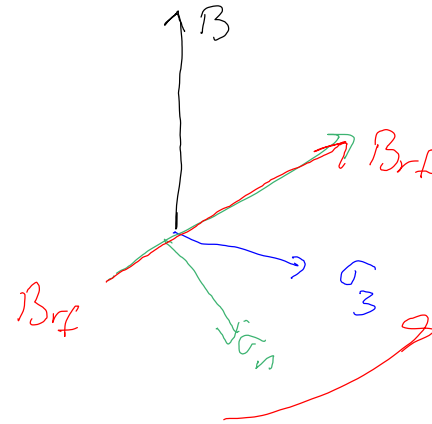
$$\frac{1}{\tau_{\pm}} = \frac{1}{\tau_w} + \underbrace{(1 \pm P_3)(N\sigma_3)}_{\text{absorption}} v_{rel}$$

$$\rho_{\pm} = P \tau_{\pm}$$

$$\frac{1}{\tau_{abs}} = (1 \pm P_n \cdot P_3)(N\sigma_3 v)$$

$$P_n \cdot P_3 \approx \cos(\underbrace{\theta_3 - \theta_n}_{\text{scattering angle}}) B t$$

Dressed neutron



$$\theta(t) = \frac{\gamma B_{\perp}}{\omega_{\perp}} \cos \omega_{\perp} t$$

$$\langle \cos \theta(t) \rangle$$

$$= \frac{1}{T} \int_0^T dt \cos \theta(t)$$

$$= \int_0^1 \left(\frac{\delta B_{\perp}}{\omega_{\perp}} \right)$$

$$\gamma \int_0 (\propto \chi_2) \stackrel{?}{=} \gamma_n \int_0 (\propto \chi_n)$$

$$1.1 \times \int_0 (1.1 \chi_2) = \chi \int_0 (\chi_2)$$

$$\int_0 (\chi_2) \sim .75$$