

Neutron Scattering Dictionary

“Normal Physicist”	Neutron Scatterer
Elastic Scattering – <u>Total</u> kinetic energy of the <u>system</u> is conserved	Elastic Scattering – Kinetic energy of the <u>neutron</u> is conserved
Incoherence – <u>Phases</u> are randomized	Incoherence – Different Nuclei have different scattering <u>amplitudes</u> (phases are usually equal)
Scattering <u>amplitude</u> : f	negative (-) scattering <u>length</u> : a
<u>Density</u>	<u>Flux</u> (is NOT current!) $\phi = \rho v$, reaction rate = $N\sigma(\rho v)$
Cross section	Scattering law
<u>Multiphonon</u> process \rightarrow expansion in powers of the interaction $\propto e^{\vec{p} \cdot \vec{A}}$, $A \propto (a + a^\dagger)e^{i\vec{q} \cdot \vec{r}}$, <u>photon</u> operators $e^{i\vec{q} \cdot \vec{r}} \rightarrow 1 + i\vec{q} \cdot \vec{r} + \dots$, Multipole expansion: electric dipole, magnetic dipole, electric quadrupole, etc. transitions	Born Approximation – Always 1 st order in interaction, <u>multiphonon</u> processes, $e^{i\vec{q} \cdot \vec{r}} \rightarrow 1 + i\vec{q} \cdot \vec{r}_i$, $\vec{r}_i = \vec{r}_0 + U(t)$, $U \propto (a + a^\dagger)$, <u>phonon</u> operators